ARRANGEMENT OF THE MAILS.

The Great Eastern Mail from Baltimore, Phil delphis, New York, Eoston, &c., and Burfalo, &c., will now be received by 9 o'clock, a.m., daily; and the Mail to be sent from this office, to and by those places, will be becosed as heretofore, at 4 and 9 o'clock, p. m., daily.

The Southern Mail will be closed hereafter daily at 8 o'clock, a. m., and will be received, as heretofore, daily by 5 o'clock, p. m.

The second Eastern Mail and Great Western Mail are received by 8 p. m., and closed at 9, p. m., daily. The Mail Trains, north of Philadelphis, are to arrive there in fine to connect with the Train for Baltimore, which brings the Great Mail, to arrive here by 9 a. m. No Eastern Mail to cover this office on Sunday night, and no Eastern Mail, to be sent beyond Baltimore, is made up on Saturday night, and no Eastern Mail, to her seed the on Sunday night, and no Eastern Mail for Annapolis, Maryland, and Norfolk and adjacent places in Virginia, is closed every night, except Saturday, at 9 p. m., and is received at times a week, with a Mail from Baltimore, Maryland, by 12 m.

The Mail from Rockville, &c., Md., is received Monday,

The Mail from Rockville, &c., Md., is received Monday,

The Mail from Georgetown, D. C., is received by 8 a. m., and 5 p. m., and it is closed for that place at the same hours.

The Mail from Rockville, &c., Md., is received Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week, by 8 p. m., and it is closed for those places at 9 p. m. of the same days.

The Mail from Brockville, &c., Md., is received by 5 p. S. m. of Wednesday and Saturday, each week, and closed for those places at 9 p. m. of Monday and Thurs-day.

Upper Marlboro, &c., Md., received by 4 p. m., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and is closed same days at 9 p. m. Port Tobacco, &c., Maryland, received Tuesday, Thurs-Sday, and Saturday, by 5 p. m., closed Sunday, Tuesday, and Friday, and Industry, and Friday, and Friday, and Friday, by 11 p. m., closed at 9 p. m., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, by 11 p. m., closed at 9 p. m., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

Leesburg, &c., Va., received by and closed at 9 p. m., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

**Principles on newspapers, and that on all printed matter addressed to any foreign country, is required to be paid in advance. The postage is also to be prepaid on letters and packets addressed to foreign countries, other than Great Britain, Ireland, and Scotland, and Bremen, in Europe, and some places to which they pass through the Bremen post office.

**The Office is open from half-past 7 o'clock, a. m. to 9 o'clock, p. m., daily, except Sunday, and on that day it is open from half-past 7 to ten, a. m., and from 7 to 9, p. m.

WILLIAM A. BRADLEY,
Postmaster.

PROSPECTUS OF THE "NATIONAL MON-UMENT,"

A weekly journal to be published in Washington, under the sanction of the Washington National Monument Society.

under the sanction of the Washington National Monument Society.

JAMES C. PICKETT, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The Monument is intended to be a literary, agricultural, and miscellaneous paper. It will contain selections of the literature of the day—the best that can be found in American and English publications: interesting scientific stricles, embracing mechanics; foreign and domestic news; a symposis of the proceedings of Congress, and every thing that such a journal might be expected to contain, with the exception of party politics, which will be at all times most rigorously excluded.

The Monument will be published for the express and the sole purpose of aiding in the erection of the hoble column now rising on the banks of the Potomes, in honor of the Father of his Country, and which every one who venerates the name of Washington would rejoice to see completed. After deducting out of the subscription the expenses of the journal proposed to be published, the remaining funds will be faithfully applied, and without reserve, to the purpose indicated. The aid, therefore, of all who are willing to contribute to so patriotic an object, and one so entirely national, is carnestly requested. By subscribing to the Monument, a valuable journal at a low price may be obtained, while it will be doing something, at the same time, towards completing that majestic memorial of the Nation's gratitude.

The Board of Managers recommend Mr. Pickett, formerly Fourth Auditor of the Trasaury and Charge d'Affairs to Peru, who proposes to edit and publish the Monument Journal, as one well qualified to perform the duties of editor, and to conduct the paper faithfully, and satisfactorily to the subscribers. They assure their fellow-citizens that this enterprise is not a speculation got up for individual emolument. Mr. Pickett will make the experiment with his own means and at his own risk; if successful, he will receive nothing more, and he asks nothing more, than a very moderate compensation for his services. Not one dollar, therefore, of t

each, will yield an annual net profit of from fifty to sixty thousand dollars.

The postmasters, and secretaries of all organized bodies throughout the Union, are respectfully requested to act as agents in obtaining subscriptions, thus aiding the great object of our exertions.

As all editors and publishers, on account of the object for which the Monument newspaper will be established, must wish it to succeed, it is hoped that they will contribute to its success by publishing this prespectus.

All moneys will be remitted, and all letters and moneys addressed prepaid, to the general agent of the Monument Society, Hon. Elisha Whittlessy, Washington.

OFFICERS.—Millard Fillmore, ex-officio President; Arch. Henderson, First Vice President; Walter Lenox, (Mayor of Washington.) Second Vice President; Thos. Carbery, Third Vice President; J. B. H. Smith, Treasurer; Geo. Watterston, Secretary.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.—Winfield Scott, N. Towson, Thos. Munroe, W. A. Bradley, P. R. Fendall, Walter Jones, Thomas Blagden, Peter Force, W. W. Senton, M. F. Maury, T. Hartley Crawford, Benl. Ogle Taylos, Elisha Whittlesey.

Terma.—The MONUMENT will be printed on a double-royal sheet—the paper and type being of the best quality—and in quarto form, containing sixteen large pages, that it may be more easily preserved. The price will be two dollars per annum, payable on the receipt of the second number. The nature of the enterprise not admitting of any credit, none can be given.

Societies and clubs will be furnished with the MONUMENT on the following terms: 3 copies for \$5; 5 copies, \$8; 10 copies, \$15.

lowing terms: 3 copies for \$5; 5 copies, \$8; 10

on the following terms: 3 copies for \$5; 5 copies, \$8; 10 copies, \$15; &c.

Those who are disposed to patronise the Monumer's are requested to forward their names to the General Agent, without delay. The first number will be published early in May, and the second on the second day of August, and weekly thereafter; time being allowed fix the Prospectus to be circulated, and for the agents to make returns. As all subscribers will be contributors to the Monument itself, their names will be published in the paper.

"Assunoton, April 23, 1851.

ODFREY PATTISON, & CO., OF NEW YORK, A CO., The New YORK, I ake leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have taken up the Importing Business on their own account. For the future they will confine themselves strictly to the Commission Business, for the purchase of dry goods, in Glasgow, Scotland.

From their long experience in the trade, they feel confident that they can promote the interest of those engaged in the importation of dry goods, and they respectfully solicit orders, which shall have their best attention.

The name of the firm in Glasgow is changed to Godfrey

The name of the first to the plants of the plants of the New York firm being dissolved, they will be pleased to receive orders through their agent, James Pattison, No 31 Pine street, New York.

GODFREY PATTISON & Co., Commission Merche

sgow, Scotland.

REFERENCES:
Messrs. Dennison, Wood & Co., New York.
Messrs. W. C. Pickersgill & Co.,
Messrs. W. C. Pickersgill & Co.,
do.
Joseph Walker, esq.,
do.

The subscribers being alone entrusted with samples of cloth and patterns of these goods for the United States market, invite the attention of the trade.

GODFREY PATTISON & Co., Glasgow Office, 81 Pine street, New York.

mar 24—

BOKER, BROS. & JONES, 82 Market street, Philadelphia, invite the attention of the trade to their splendid stock of Fancy and Staple BONNETS and HATS, of
all kinds, purchased for cash in Europe by one of our firm
and also an assortment of city and castern made Boots and
Shoes. All of which they offer at very low rates.

THE BEST AND MOST VALUABLE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, exhibited at the State Fair in 1850, will be seen by the award of Pre-

miums below:

Awarded to E. Whitman, jr., No. 55 Light street, Baltimore, by the Maryland State Agricultural Society, at their 3d Annual Fair, held in Baltimore 23d, 24th and 25th of October, 1850.

October, 1850.

For the best Plough in the ploughing match
For the best Ploughing with ox team, (special premium.)

For the best plough on exhibition, 1st premium

For the best Railway Horse Power, Whitman's Im-

For the best Kallway Horse rower, Whitman's Im-roved, let premium
For the best Hay Press, 1st premium
For the best Cornsheller, 1st premium
For the best Field Roller, 1st premium
For the best Corn-Stalk Cutters and Grinders, 1st

For the best Field Roller, 1st premium

""" the best Corn-Stalk Outters and Grinders, 1st premium

For the best Churns. 1st premium

For the best Hay and Manure Fork, 1st premium, 2

For the best Hayrakes, 1st premium

For the best Hayrakes, 1st premium

For the best Hayrakes, 1st premium

No exhibitor of Agricultural Implements at the above named Fair, having received one-half the amount of premium awarded us on the different kinds of Implements and Mackines, it is conclusive widence that ours were considered the best and most valuable on exhibition.

At the great Fair of the Maryland Institute, 5-7 the promotion of the Mechanic Arts, held in Baltimore in October and November, 1850, the first promotion of the Mechanic Arts, held in Baltimore in October and November, 1850, the first promotion of the Mechanic Arts, held in Baltimore in October and November, 1850, the first promotion of the Mechanic Arts, held in Baltimore in October and November, 1850, the first promotion of the Mechanic Arts, held in Baltimore in October and State of the Stat

TRESH BERKLEY & DRUFF, No. 246 Baltimore street, Dave roceived an entirely lies and choice assortment of English, French, German, and American Dry Goods, suitable for the spring trade, embracing all the various styles pertaining to their line, and to which they invite the attention of their line, and to which they invite the attention of their interest care and attention, and will be soid on as favorable terms as at any similar establishment in the country. We hame, in part, DRESS GOODS—embracing a choice variety. Gro de Rhines, rich lustres, in all widths and qualities satin de Chenes Extra super French Bareges, in all colors do do do plain do silk and Linen Jaspe Popilins, a new article Gro de Naples, a new and beautiful article Barege de Laines, extra super silk and wool do rich chiute colors do nest styles.

Super, all wool French de Laines, all colors super Toil l'Inde, entirely new French Lappet and Emb'd Muslins Emb'd Broquetelles, a beautiful article Colored Silk Emb'd Fancy Muslins Printed Bereges, entirely new designs 34 and 44 Super French Lawns and Organdies of latest styles—all qualities

Super Fancy Lawns, embossed Silk and Wool English and Scotch Ginghams, in black, white, and fancy colors

64 Silk Warp and Real Alpacas and Canton Cloths French Chints and Turkey Red Prints.

Spring Prints, a beautiful assortment, &c., &c. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.—Super French Black and Colored Cloths, of all gracies, by the most celebrated makers

Super Black Cloths, English, German, and American Super Black Cloths, English, German, and American

REAT REDUCTION OF PRICES

Super 6-4 Cashmeretts, Cashmere Cloths, and Dra Eto

Super 64 Cashmeretts, Cashmere Cloths, and Drap de Ete
34 and 54 Summer Cloths and Crape Lustres
Black Cassimeres and Dosskins, of "Sedan" and other
best makes
Fancy Plaid and Striped Cassimeres of new designs
do Union Drillings; Zetland and Plymouth Plaids
Bleached and Brown Linen Ducks and Fancy Drillings
Super French and Indis Nankins and Coatee Checks
Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Farmers' Drills, &c.
VESTINGS, &c.—Super Black and Fancy Silk and Satin
Vestings
Duff Cashmere and Cashmerett do
Plain White, Fancy, and Buff Marseilles de
Silk and Worsted Sorges of all widths
do Levantine do dé
LINEN 1900DS.—44 Irish Lipens, all qualities Richardson's, Barkley's, Grey's, Young's, &c.
34 and 44 Blay Linens; 44 white and brown Hollands
Russia Barnesly and Scotch Linen Sheetings, all widths,
best makes
Pillow Case Linens; Zable Cloths and Napkins
Bleached and Brown Damasks and Diapers, 84, 104, 124
Bird's Eye, Russia's and Sootch Diapers and Dowlas
Luckaback
No. 1, 2, 3, and 4, Burlaps
Linen Cambrie Hidks, of all qualities, Ladies and Gents
White Goods of all descriptions
Insertings, Edgings, Linen and Cotton Laces, &c., a large
assortment.

DOMASTIOS.—34, 7-8 and 44 Brown and Bleached MusHose

secotinent. OMESTICS.—84, 7-8 and 44 Brown and Blesched Mus

Ans 4, 64, 7-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Brown and Bl'd Shirtings 5-4, 7-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Brown and Bl'd Shirtings Maryland and Potomae Bagging
3-4 and 7-8 Cotton Osnaburgs, plain and twilled Bleached, Brown, Blue and Corset Drills
Plain, Striped and Plaid Chambrays
Bed Tickings, Shirting Strips, Apron Checks, &c.
Plaid and Strips Domeatics, best makes.
PANTALOON STUFFS.—Blue Denims, American Nankeens, Checks and Plaids, Rouen Cassimeres, Striped
Osnaburgs, Kennebec Tweeds, &c., &c.
The above Domestics were purchased in December last, previous to the rise in Cotton Goods; we are therefore evabled to offer them at prices that cannot fail to please.

Mars Brown to Section.

A New Route to Pittsburg.

VIA THE BALTIMORE, SUSQUEHANNA, AND PENN-SYLVANIA RAILROADS.

THROUGH TO PITTSBURG IN 33 HOURS. An express train of cars will leave Calvert Station daily, with the U. S. Mail from Washington and Baltimore, at 8½ a. m., connecting with the Fast Line at Middletown at 1 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 1½ p. m., to dinner.

The train leaves Harrisburg for the West at 2 p., m. arriving at Hollidaysburg at 8 p. m. At this point, passengers have the option of taking either the Cars to Johnstown, thence by Packet Boats, or Stages direct from Hollidaysburg to Pittsburg.

Tickets will be sold to the following points, by this train, to wit: York, Wrightsville, Columbia, Marietts, Middletown, Harrisburg, Newport, Millerstown, Perrysville, Lewistown, McVeystown, Huntingdon, Hollidaysburg, and Pittsburg.

This train also connects with the Cumberland Valley Railroad, which passes through Carlisle, Shippensburg, Chambersburg, and other points on this road.

For the accommodation of passengers from Washington for any of the above points, the Bagrage Master of the Company will be at the Depot of the Baltimore and Ohlo Railroad Company on the arrival of the Morning Cars, at 8 a. m., to receive the Bagrage, which will be carried free of charge to Calvert Station. ROBERT STEWARF, mar 24—

To Country Merchants and Booksellers.

C. & J. BIDDLE, No. 6 south Fifth street, publish the following works: Cleveland's Compendium of English Literature.

Cleveland's Compendium of English Latersaction. Harrison on the Rise, Progress, and Present Stoff the English Language.
Lynd's First Book of Etymology.
Oswald's Etymological Dictionary.
Fiske's Eschenburg's Manual of Classical Liter Fiske's Classical Antiquities.
Outlines of Sacred History.
Trego's Geography of Pennsylvania.
Vogdes's United States Arithmetic.—Key.
Ring's 3000 Exercises in Arithmetic.—Key.
Crittenden's Book Keeping, Counting-house as editions.

sditions.
Vogdes's Mensuration.—Key.
Alsop's First Lessons in Algebra.—Key
Alsop's Algebra, for High Schools, Ac

Monge's Statistics: translated from the French, by Woods Baker, A. M., of the United States Coast Survey; ust published.

Maury's Navigation, the text book of the U. S. Navy. McMurtrie's Scientific Lexicon.

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Select Speeches of Distinguished American Orators.
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est. Select Speeches of Chatham, Burke, and Erskine. Aikin's Christian Minstrel. Aikin's Juvenile Min

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D. Cleveland.
Map of the World as known to the Ancients, 61 by 50 map of the wind comprises most of the popular is. C. 4 J. B.'s stock comprises most of the popular is chool Text Bool, s, which they offer for sale, at low prices.

Through in siz minutes. For the preparation of Ice Creams, Water Ices, &c.—Patented September 19, 1848.

Ice Creams, Water Ices, &c.—Patented September 19, 1848.

THE distinguising merits of this Apparatus are—
1st. The astonishing rapidity of the process, surpassing belief—hence the name.
2d. The Gream during the progress of freezing becomes charged with atmospheric air, by which it nearly doubles in bulk, and obtains that peculiar smoothness, lightness, and delicecy of flavor, for which the Ice Cream of our best Confectioners is so highly prized.
3d. It does not require a tenth part of the labor that the common Freezer dors.
4th. It does its work better, producing a better article, in every respect, than by any other mode.
5th. There is a cor siderable saving in ice, as the tub needs no replenishin g during the operation.
The annexed tes simonial from the Proprietor of the Eutaw House will: you to rest all doubt.

"Having witne ssed the process of freezing Ice Cream having been frozen in the incredible short time of six minutes, I cheerfully recor smend it to the public."

H. Y. JACKSON,

Eutaw House, Baltimore, May 15, 1848, I used one of Austin's Patent Ice Cream Freezers of the largest vice, (10 gallons.) making from 10 to 50 gallons per day during the season; and so far as regards expedition and power, I consider it decidedly the beet freezer now in use, as I I, ave had with it no difficulty in making ten gallons of superior quality Ice Cream from five of plain Cream, in thirty minutes from the time I commenced working it.

Manufact ared and for sale by the patentee.

A. H. BROWN,
Manufact ared and for sale by the patentee.

A. H. AUSTIN,
No. 61 N. Eutaw street, near Saratoga.

Also, by CORTLAN & CO., No. 203 Baltimors street.

Out uty and State rights for sale.

MET LUBER STREET, ROSTON.

HOUDDELAWARE COLLEGE

THE Tracity of the restors of this institution, and its present or relations, consists of the followin named Professorables to wit:

A Professorable of Meural and Moral Relate.
A Professorable of Methods and Lain Language.
A Professorable of Methods and Lain Language.
A Professorable of Rectoric and Belles Lettres,
A Professorable of Rectoric and Belles Lettres,
A Professorable of Chemistry and Rectural History,
A Professorable of Chemistry and Rectural History,
A Professorable of Medorn Languages and Drawing.
The Collegiate year is divided into two sessions or term of twenty-one weeks each. The first assaion commence on the fourth Wednesday of October; and the second of the weeks.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

FREEHEAN CLASS.—I. Livy, begun; Xenophon's Anabasis; Algebra, begun; History, begun; Algebra, finished; Geometry, begun; History, continued; HI. Livy, finished; Homer's Odyssey, finished; Geometry, ive books; History, finished; Geometry, ive books; History, finished.

JUNIOR CLASS.—I. Tacitus, begun; The Prometheus of Mechylus and Electra of Sophoeles; Analytical Geometry, Anished; Calculus; Natural Theology; Evidences of Christianity.

H. Logic; Mental Philosophy; The Alcestus of Euripides; Tacitus, finished; Natural Philosophy; Mechanics, begun. COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

II. Logic; Mental Philosophy; The Alcestus of Euripides; Tacitus, finished; Natural Philosophy; Mechanics, begun.

III. Moral Philosophy; Plate's Gorgias; The Captive of Piautus; Mechanics, Hydrostatics, Pneumatics, and Meteorology.

SOPHOMORS CLASS.—I. Horace, finished; Xenophon's Memorabila; Geometry, finished; Battoric, begun.

II. Cleero de Amieitia and de Senectate; Herodotus, begun; Plane Trigonometry; Spherical Trigonometry; Rheturic, continued.

III. Cleero de Officiis; Herodotus, finished; Surveying; Analytical Geometry, begun; Khaforic, finished; Surveying; Analytical Geometry, begun; Khaforic, finished.

SENOR CLASS.—I. Political Philosophy: The Andria of Terrence; The Clouds of Aristophanes; Acoustics, Optics, Electricity, Magnetism.

II. Elements of Oriticism; Butler's Analogy; Cleero's Tusculan Questions; Demosthenes de Corpus; Voltaie Electricity of Galvanism; Electro-Magnetism; Magneto-Electricity of Galvanism; Electro-Magnetism; Magneto-Electricity, Electro-Dynamica; Astronomy, begun.

III. The Constitution of the United States; Astronomy, finished; The Science of Heat; Thormo-Electricity; Chementers and Gashaw.

The College is provided with a Philosophical Apparatus that furnishes ample means of experimental illustration in all the different branches of Natural Philosophy. The sum of three thousead deliars has recently been expended, partly in this country and partly in London and Paris, in the purchase of new apparatus, adapted to the present advanced state of the Physical Sciences.

EX AMIN ATIONS.

At the close of each study, or branch of study, the members of the dass are carrellly examined, and, at the close of the year, in all the studies of the year, in the presence of a Committee of the Trustees; and their attainments are communicated to the Board of Trustees.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

of a Committee of the Trustees; and their attainments are communicated to the Board of Trustees.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

In addition to daily morning and evening prayer, divine worship is held twice on every Sunday, and the recitation on Monday morning is always in the Greek Tostament. At the request of his parent or guardian, a student is permitted to attend any place of worship which himself or the parent or guardian may select. One member of the Faculty will attend at each of the different places of worship (Presbyterian, Episcopalian, and Methodist) in the villiage, and note all absentees.

Two at teast of the Professors, with their families, will reside in the College buildings, and will board at a common table with the students, who are required to occupy such rooms as may be assigned them by the Faculty.

ADMISSION.

In order to admission to pursue the entire course, a student must be at least fourteen years of age; must give satisfactory evidence of good moral character; and must sustain an examination in the following studies, viz:

Arithmetic, Elements of Algebra, Lutin and Greek Grammar, Jacob's or Felton's Greek Reader, and the first two books of Xenophon's Anabasis, Jacob's or Doerfing's Latin Reader, Saliust or Cassar, Glorro's Select Orations, and Virgil, or what shall be deemed equivalent.

ENPENSES.

ENTRANCE FEE.—If the student enter as Freshman, five dollars; and if as Senior, twenty dollars.

1st Session. 2d Session.

Tuttion. \$21 00 \$21 00 Room rent 40 40 40 10 Incidental expenses.

Board is furnished with the families of the Pro Board is nurnisated to two dollars per week.

Washing, at the usual rates.

All dues are payable in advance. The tuition is r tod, on application, to all students designed for the

wance.

For students who do not design to presente the whole
Course required for a degree, a more limited range of studies is furnished, adapted to the sphere and course of life
of each individual, so far as such can be reasonably anticipated.

ipsted.

The studies of this Course are arranged under the following departments, to wit:

1st. A MATHEMATICAL DEPARTMENT—In which, beginning with Arithmetic and Algebra, the student will be carried, seriatina, through all the higher branches of the Mathematics, ending in their application to Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, &c.

2d. An Evalast Department—Comprising instruction in Orthography, Reading, Elocution, Grammar, Writing, Geography, History, Composition, Rhetoric, Logic, Intellectual Philosophy, Moral Philosophy, Political Grammar, Story on the Constitution, Philosophy, Ornithology, Natural Theology, Elements of Criticism, and Evidences of Christianity.

3d. A Mercantur Department—In which will be imparted an acquaintance with all that is necessary to qualify youth for the immediate duties of the counting-house, including—

reduding—
1. Pennsanship—By an original and popular system of this art, which invariably produces a bold, fluished hand, peculiarly adapted to the purposes of the accountant and

becomery supposes of the supposes of the accountant and business man.

L. Arithmetic—Comprising numerous abbreviated methods of computing Interest, Discount, Equation of Payments, &c., and other mercantile calculations founded on per centage; together with all such operations as are requisite for a thorough knowledge of the business of the

quisite for a thorough knowledge of the business of the counting-room.

3. Book-keeping—Single and Double Entry, by the most approved methods. A complete course of instruction in this branch will be furnished, designed to aft the student to take charge of any set of account books.

4th. An ABRUCHURAL DEPARTMENT—Comprising a selection from the English and Mathematical courses; and, also, Surveying, Botany, Mineralogy, Geology, Chemistry, and Agricultural Chemistry; the last two lilustrated by experimental lectures.

5th. A Cyrl. ENGINEER DEPARTMENT—In which are taught Arithmetic, (mental and written,) Algebra, (mental and written,) Geometry, Trigonometry, Surveying, vith the use of inatuments in the field, Practical Engineering, Architecture, Perspective, Draughting, and Topog Tably.

newring, Architecture, Perspective, Draughting, and Topog Taphly.

6t b. A Trachire's Drartment—The course of study will consist of a judicious selection of subjects from the other departments, including all the branches pursued in our continuous schools. Practical Lectures will also be given on School Tesching, both as a science and as an art.

Pupils will not only thus receive the fallest instruction relative to the best and most popular methods of teaching, but they will also have opportunities of exemplifying them, by hearing recitations in the lower departments of the Institution.

7th. A Department of Modern Language—In which students who wish to take a thorough course can have an opportunity of deing see while others, whose object may be to acquire sufficient knowledge to translate with facility, and to pronounce with tolerable correctness, in as short a time as possible, are also provided for.

sol and see Newark Academy.

At 18 does not require a feelile part of the labor that the common Freezer does, at the common Freezer does, at the the common Freezer does, at the control of the projector of of the proj

WILLINGTON BOARDING SCHOOL

FOR BOYS.—This institution a situated in one of the healthest parts of the city of Wilmington, entirely beyond the settled portions of the town. The uniform healthfulness of the location may be inferred from the fact that, since the establishment of the School, after twenty-eight years, very few cases of serious indisposition have occurred among the pupils, and not a single death either here, or from diseases contracted while here.

The course of instruction litcludes, besides the Orditary Raglish branches, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Physiology, History, Statural Philosophy of the Instruction at an analysis and their application to Mechanics and Engineering; the latter and Surveying are taught practically by field operations, with the use of appropriate instruments. Lectures on Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, in which all the important principles are illustrated by experiments, are regularly delivered before the students.

As the object is to make the instruction as thorough and practical as possible, no expense has been spared in providing auitable apparatus. It is believed that, in this respect, the Institution will-compare favorably with any similar one in the country. A carefully selected library, of more than one thousand volumes, containing works on the various braiches of Literature and Science, furnishes ample reading matter, while a Laboratory, fully supplied with apparatus and tests, contains all that is necessary for practical instruction in Chemical Manipulation.

The school year commenced on the third Second-day (Monday) of the Ninth month, (September,) and is divided into four quarters of eleven weeks each, leaving a vacation of two months, from about the middle of the Sevent month (July).

MORE HOME** EVIDENCE**

THE TESTEMONY OF ONE OF OUR LAWYERS—

THE TESTEMONY OF ONE OF OUR LAWYERS—

MORE HOME EVIDENCE.

THE TESTIMONY OF ONE OF OUR LAWYERS—
Mr. JAS. L. HAMILTON—DEAR Sin: Although the number and respectability of the testimonials of which you are already in possession, as to the efficacy of your Medicine, "THE GREAT VA. REMEDY." in the diseases which it is designed to cure, are sufficient, in my opinion, to establish its reputation, and secure for it such patronage as will adequately reward you for the discovery of so inestimable a Medicine—yet tha great benefit which I have derived from its use, and the salutary effects which I have derived from its use, and the salutary effects which I have derived from its use, and the salutary effects which I have derived from its use, and the salutary effects which I have derived from its use, and the salutary effects which I have witnessed from its employment in the case of several friends, to whom I had recommended it, constrain me to contribute, for such use as you may think proper to make of it, this formal scknowledgment of its sanitary virtues. By which cases was Dyspepsis of long duration, and very aggravated in its character, manifested by an almost total destruction of the digestive functions, great debility, nervousness, emachation, and impaired appetitie, with pain, and a burning sensation in the left side of the chest, palpitation of the heart, vertigo and congestion in the head, and many other symptoms indicative of the worst type of the disease, by the use of three or four bottles of your preparation, been entirely relieved. The cases of my, friends, in which your Medicine was taken, were Dyspepsia, Chionic Headache, and Sore Throat, in all of which it proved efficacious, after the trial of a vast number of other remedies without benefit. Four medicine is as pleasant to the taste as a conlial, and in my experience corrects all derangement of the stomach, restores the wasted or enfeebled energies of the digestive organs, and imparts strength and reanimation to the whole system.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,

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CAMBRIDGE, January 25, 1846.

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Mesers. T. & J. W. Johnson:

Gentlemen—In reply to your letter, I can with great sincerity say, that I entertain a very high opinion of the recent Exchequer Reports. In my judgment they are not excelled by any cotemporaneous Reports, in lears—shillity, or general utility and interest. The cases decided are discussed with great care, and expounded with uncommon force. I scarcely know of any volumes which I deem of more importance or value for a Professional Library.

JOSEPH STORY.

CAMBRIDGE, January 25, 1845.
Gentlemen: Your letter of the 24th has been received, in which you ask my opinion as to the value of the English Exchequer Reports, from Price downwards to this time, to an American Lawyer, and as to the expediency of reprinting them in this country. Of the high value of these Reports, both on the Pleas and Equity sides of the Court, I have not the least doubt—the decisions of this Court for the last fifteen or twenty years, both at Equity and in Common Law, being entitled to equal respect with any others in England. I should think an American Lawyer's Library essentially incomplete without them.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours,
SIMON GREENLEAF.

Mesers, T. & J. W. Johnson. CAMBRIDGE, January 25, 1845.

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On and after WEDNESDAY next, 9th instant, the station on Pennsylvania avenue will be vacated, and the new one on New Jersey avenue occupied.

The Passenger trains will leave the latter, commencing at 5 p. m., as usual, at 6 and 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. daily, exept on Sunday, when but two trains run, viz., at 6 a. m. and 5 p. m.

In making this change, the undersigned desires to call attention to the rules of the Company, in regard to the reception and delivery of merchandise:

Int. Shippers are reminded, that in all cases a bill with full directions should accompany the goods.

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The undersigned takes occasion to remark that these are not new regulations, but he has been compelled to call attention to them from their frequent violation, which has caused must and serious inconvenience.

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FURNISHING MAIL LOCKS AND KEYS.

Post Office DEPARTMENT,
March 14, 1851.

IT being desirable to substitute locks and keys of some other kind for those now in use for the mail service of the United States, specimen locks and keys, with proposals to furnish the same, will be received and considered at the Post Office Department until the first day of July next. The different locks will be submitted to a commission for examination and report. Upon this report, con-

or the United States, apecimen locks and keys, with proposals to furnish the same, will be received and considered at the Post Office Department until the first day of July next. The different locks will be submitted to a commission for examination and report. Upon this report, contracts will, as soon as practicable, be entered into for furnishing such locks and keys for four years, with the right on the part of the Postmaster General, for the time being to extend and continue the contract in force for an additional term of four years, by giving to the contractor a written notice to that effect, not more than nine nor less than six months before the termination of the first term of four years.

With a view of procuring the best lock at the lowest price, no kind of lock is prescribed as a standard, the Department Telying for a selection on the mechanical skill and ingenuity which a fair competition, now invited, may develop. It is, however, proper to state that a lock suitable for the mail service should possess the following qualities, viz: durability, uniformity, lightness, and strength. For the purpose of displacing simultaneously all the mail locks and keys now in use, about thirty thousand new locks and twenty thousands keys adopted thereto will be required to be furnished by the contractor within seven months after the contract shall have been entered into; afterwards the annual supply will depend on the durability of the locks and keys adopted, as well as the increase of the mail service; but it will probably never exceed in amount three thousand of the former and one thousand of the latter.

No lock will be considered if it be like any already in general use; nor will any one with whom the contract may be made be allowed to make, sell, or furnish, any lock or key similar to those contracted for for any other purpose or use than that of the Post Office Department.

The kind of lock adopted must be patented, and the patentee will be required, on entering into contract, to the fight to ruled the service. In

Philadelphia Type and Stereotype Foundry. THE subscriber would call the attention of Printer to the greatly reduced prices of the present list. The now offer

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The fellowing are a few of the many commendatory letters received by the editor of the Merchants' Magazine from distinguished statesmen:

The fellowing are a new of the many commendatory letters received by the editor of the Merchants' Magazine from distinguished statesmen:

Letter from the Hon. Henry Clay.

ASHLAND, 20th July, 1849.

Dear Sir: I wish to express to you the gratification I derived on receiving the July number of the Merchants' Magazine and Commercial Review, from viewing your postrait in the beginning, and from reading your address to your friends at the end of it. When we feel under obligations to those who have contributed to our information and amusement, we are naturally desirous to possess all the knowledge of them, of their appearance, of the features of their countenance, and of the character and habits of their mind, which we can acquire. You have placed your numerous readers (at least you have me, if I may not speak for them) under those obligations; and the number of your valuable work now before me, in some degree, satisfies the desire to which I have alluded.

I have become quite familiar with the Magazine and Review, and have no heatistion in expressing my humble opinion that it is eminently entitled to the public regard and support. It collects and arranges, in good order, a large amount of valuable statistical and other information, highly useful not only to the merchant, but to the stateman, to the cultivator of the earth, to the manufacturer, to the mariner, in short, to all classes of the business and reading community.

Entertaining this opinion, I am glad that it has been, and hope that it may continue to be, liberally patronized. Offering you cordial assurances of my esteem and regard, I am truly your friend and obedient servant.

Freeman Hunt, esq.

Extract of a letter from Hon. Millard Fillmore.

"I have read it (Merchants' Magazine) with a good deal of attention, and have no hesitation in saying that I think it one of the most valuable periodicals that was ever published. To the merchant it seems quite indispensable, and to the statesman and man of genefal information almost equally desirable. It is a g

where so well digested and so accessible as in these numbers. I only regret that I do not own the whole work."

Letter from the Hon. Thomas H. Benton.

Washington City, April 20, 1849.

Mr. Freeman Hunt.—Sir: I lowe you many thanks for the opportunities I have had to read the Merchants' Magazine, and have found it in reality to be a magazine, and that well replenished, of all the useful matter which the title would imply, and presented with a fullness and clearness which delights while it instructs. It is, in fact, a merchants' magazine in the large acceptation of the term—merchants who go between nations, whose large operations bring many departments of knowledge, and a view of the state of the world, into daily requisition. But its not the great merchant only, but the one of mors modest, but, nevertheless, of most useful operations—the merchant of the interior also—who will find this magazine to abound with the information the pursuit of his business and the elevation of the mercantile character requires. Nor is its utility at all confined to merchants, but extends to the legislator and diplomatist, and to all who are charged with managing the affairs of the nation. For myself, I have found it most useful to me in my senatorial labors, and have been in the habit for many years of carefully consulting it.

Very respectfully, sir, your obedient servant,

THOMAS H. BENTON.

Letter from Hon. Wm. H. Seward. My Dear Sir: Have the goodness to place my name on your list of subscribers for the Merchants' Magazine. I regard it as an invaluable work for the use of all who would understand not merely commercial operations in this extending country, but the fiscal and commercial questions involved in the administration of the government.

ment.

I am, with great respect, your humble servant,
Freeman Hunt, esq. WILLIAM H. SEWARD.
The Merchants' Magazine is published monthly, at 145
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nished to subscribers for Five Dollars a year, in advance,
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MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

The institution is under the general supervision of S. M. Davis, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in Central Medical College, and Geo. W. Davis, M. D., formerly of Dansville, N. Y., the resident physician, and is pormanently associated with the before mentioned gentleman as counsel, and associate of the medical board of control. And the friends of the establishment deem it a matter of felicitation that the services of Miss Mary M. Taylor, a lady of high medical attainments, who has attended two courses of lectures in the Central Medical College, have been secured, and that female patients can at any time avail themselves of her invaluable aid and counsel. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

any time avail themselves of her invaluable aid and coun-ries.

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of the various forms of disease, and constructed on a scale not inferior to those of any other establishment in this country.

An enlightened public sentiment has everywhere repudiated a reckless use of drugs in the treatment of disease; while intolerable sufferings and broken constitutions have imperatively demanded "Reform." A return from a wide and fatal departure from the simplicity of Nature's laws is called for, alike by a rational love of happiness and the deplorable exigencies of our condition. Hydropathy, or a scientific use of water as a rostorative and curative agent, is a practical substitution of a simple and remarkably efficacious mode of curing the sick; for that system of drugging, depleting, and cauterising, which, in obtaining the mastery over disease, too frequently places the patient beyond the reach of further annoyance. The success of the various Water Cure establishments in this country, to say nothing of any other, has fully confirmed the hopes of the early discoverers and promulgators of the great truths upon which the system is founded, and renders verbal communications unnecessary. It is deemed sufficient to say, that the "Cold Spring Water Cure" will compare favorably with any of the well-conducted establishments of a similar character, and will be found equal to the best, as regards the order, convenience, and desirableness of its arrangements. The institution is now open for the reception of patients, and in full operation. The volume of the states, than this selection of the states, than this selection of the states, than this selections upon the Crown Cases Reversed.

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